

Design of Multiple Classifier Systems

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Summary

During the past decade the fusion of multiple experts has become a legitimate necessity due to its capability of achieving improved accuracy over the best single expert. The field has grown diversely and in this thesis we focus on one branch only. Based on their architecture, we can divide multiple classifier systems in two categories: Parallel Homogeneous Classifier systems, (PHC), which involve parallel component classifiers with similar output types for fusion; Complex Multistage Classifiers which are characterised by a complex internal architecture where the decisions may not reach the fusion rule in parallel or if they are in parallel may not be of homogeneous type. The fusion methods used in PHC systems can be grouped in to two, Simple methods not requiring any training and Complex methods. The focus of this thesis is on the simple fusion methods. In addition some aspects of PHC system design are also addressed.

In a PHC environment one could search for deficiencies in order to improve the overall classification rate. There is a need to better understand the existing methods to help in selecting the optimum technique for the problem at hand. This understanding may also lead to advances in classifier fusion methods and hence to improvements in their performance. The comparative survey of the simple methods concludes that the strategies perform variably and indicates the need for their detailed analysis and investigation. The theoretical derivation of these strategies is presented followed by an analytical analysis of the sensitivity of Sum and Product to estimation errors. Then the results of the analytical study are validated experimentally for different noise conditions. The experimental study has uncovered the veto effect to be the reason behind the poor performance of Product under high noise conditions. The experimental evaluation is extended further when we investigate Sum and Vote experimentally and theoretically to find when and why one strategy outperforms another.

The experimental findings relating to the veto effect has lead to proposing the heuristic *Modified Product* and the theoretically based *moderated Product*. In general the fusion strategy and fusion component experts are related and upgrading the fusion strategy may solve some of the deficiencies of the component experts. However, upgrading the component experts of the PHC system may lead to a further improvement in the overall system performance. This is obvious in the modified bagging methods which we propose. Random feature subset based bagging is another solution to improve the $k - NN$ PHC system.

One can also search for novel methods of designing PHC systems, such as the combiner system based feature selection method to build the ensemble component experts. The proposed method is viewed as a complement to the conventional method of designing PHC systems, which is based on optimising the component experts independently, before fusing them in the system.

Key words: PHC systems, Classifier Combination, Classifier Fusion, Bagging, Moderation, Product, Sum, Vote, Veto, Small Sample classification

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